## Essential Math 4 Unit 10 Lesson 1: April 9

## Learning Target:

I can use the area model to divide.

You will explore the use of area models to divide algebraic expressions.

## Directions:

1. Click through the slides.
2. Watch all videos on slides.
3. Complete problems and tasks for each slide on a separate sheet of paper.

## Bell Work April 9, 2020

Draw an area model for each of the following:

1. $300 / 10=$
2. $4 r / 4=$

## Lesson:

Watch the video below and follow along on your own paper.
Dividing monomial by binomial using the Area Model

## Practice:

Practice: Divide the expression below using an area model:
$\left(14 x^{3}+10 x^{2}-12 x\right) / 2 x$


Practice Problems: Unit 10 Lesson 2 page 7. Complete problems 1-8.
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


## Practice Problems: Unit 10 Lesson 2 page 7. Complete problems 1-8.

Write an algebraic statement represented by each area model in two ways: as a multiplication equation and as a division equation.
(5) Multiplication: $\qquad$ (

$$
)=x^{2}+
$$

$\qquad$ $+x y$

Division: $\quad \frac{x^{2}+4 x+x y}{x+4+y}=$
(7) Multiplication: $(y+7)($

$$
=y^{2}+5 y z+\quad y+35 z+42
$$

Multiplication:

$)=p^{2}+10 p+21$

Division:

$=$Multiplication: (

) $=x^{2}+$ $\qquad$ $-32$

Division: $\qquad$ $=$

Division: $\qquad$ $=$

## Answer Key:

Once you have completed the problems, check your answers for page 7 here.

## Lesson 2: Area Model Inside Out

IMPORTANT STUFF
Complete each area model puzzle.
(1)

(2)


These are puzzles! Youll have to look around to decide where to start and what to do next.

Write an algebraic statement represented by each area model in two ways: as a multiplication equation and as a division equation.
(5) Multiplication: $x(x+4+y)=x^{2}+4 x+x y$ Division: $\quad \frac{x^{2}+4 x+x y}{x+4+y}=x$
(6) Multiplication: $(p+7)(p+3)=p^{2}+10 p+21$ Division: $\frac{p^{2}+10 p+21}{p+7}=p+3$
(3)

(7) Multiplication: $(y+7)(y+5 z+6)$

$$
=y^{2}+5 y z+13 y+35 z+42
$$

$$
\text { Division: } \frac{y^{2}+5 y z+13 y+35 z+42}{y+5 z+6}=y+7
$$

(8) Multiplication: $(x+8)(x-4)=x^{2}+4 x-32$

Division: $\frac{x^{2}+4 x-32}{x+8}=x-4$

